

Answer the questions on your own paper and hand that it.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructors name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. What are ordinary differential equations, what properties must they have [2]

2. When solving an ODE we must find a function that satisfies the conditions laid out by the ODE. Find an expression for  $y$  in these ODEs

(a)  $y' - 2y = 2$  [2]

(b)  $y' - x = 3$  [2]

(c)  $y' - 6xy = 0$  [3]

(d)  $y' - \cos(x) \cos(y) = \cos(y)$  [4]

3. Show that  $(1 - x)$  is a solution of  $xy'' + (1 - x)y' + \lambda y = 0$  [3]

4. Show that  $(6x^2 - 2)$  is a solution of  $(1 - x^2)y'' - 2xy' + l(l + 1)y = 0$  [3]

5. Show that  $(x^2 - 1)$  is a solution of  $y'' - 2xy' + \lambda y = 0$  [3]

6. What is an inexact differential and why are they hard to solve when they appear in ODEs [2]

7. What is a Fourier series? How is it different from a Fourier transform [2]

8. Compute the first three coefficients of the Fourier series for the following functions between  $-\pi$  and  $\pi$

(a)  $x$  [3]

(b)  $x^2$  [3]

(c)  $e^{-x}$  [3]

9. Compute the first three coefficients of the Fourier series for the following functions between 0 and 3

(a)  $x$  [2]

(b)  $x^2$  [2]

(c)  $e^{-x}$  [2]

10. How would you compute the error between your Fourier series and the exact function? [2]